



Deer leave a ragged, broken end on browsed branches up to 6 feet from the ground. Begin deer repellent treatments BEFORE seeing damage. If you have experienced damage in the past, deer will return each season until food sources are depleted. Schedule a free property assessment with our team and see the list below for deer preferred plants:

Annuals & Biennials

Dahlia, English daisy, Fibrous begonia, Geranium, Hollyhocks, Impatiens, Pansy, Sunflower (Mexican), and Violas.

Perennials & Bulbs:

Bishop's weed, Black-eyed Susan, Buttercup, Candytuft, Cardinal flower, Crocus, Daisy, Daylily, English ivy, Garden phlox, Golden sunflower, Grape hyacinth, Hibiscus, Hosta (Plantain lily), Hollyhock, Japanese painted fern, Jerusalem artichoke, Lilies, Perennial sunflower, Periwinkle, Rose, Rose mallow, Sedum "Autumn Joy", Shasta daisy, Solomon's seal, Spring-flowering crocus, Stock, Trillium, Tulip, Wallflower, and Yucca (Adam's needle).

Shrubs & Trees:

American arborvitae, American holly, Apple/crabapple, Arborvitae, Atlantic white cedar, Atlas Cedar, Aucuba, Balsam fir, Blackberry&Raspberry, Catawba Rhododendron, Cherries, Chinese holly, Clematis (vine), Common winterberry, Cornelian cherry dogwood, Cornelian dogwood, Crabapple, Deciduous azalea, Eastern red cedar, Eastern redbud, Frazer Fir, Fringe tree, Goldenrain tree, Hemlock, Highbush blueberry, Hybrid rose, Hybrid tea rose, Hydrangea, Indian Hawthorn, Japanese maple, Japanese yew, Juniper, Leyland cypress, Manchurian lilac, Merserve holly, Mountain laurel, Nellie Stevens holly, Norway maple, Pear, Pink shell azalea, Pinxterbloom azalea, Plum, Quince, Redbud, Rhododendron, Rose, Saucer magnolia, Western yew, White pine, Winged euonymus, Wintercreeper, and Yew.